Math Multiple Measures for Dual Enrollment Students

NOTE: All students must have a minimum 2.0 GPA and be eligible for ENG 101

| Student (Sign) | | Option 1 Option 2 |
|---|--|---|
| Course | | Date |
| Eligibility for MAT 177 | Statistics or MAT 195 Precalcu | ulus for Engineering & Science |
| | C or higher in high school Algebra nendation of their Math instructor | II |
| process https:// | _ | ilized the Math Guided Self-Placement tassessment/ to determine that they are eligible endation of their Math instructor |
| Self- Placement Form, and | are assigned a Middlesex Student I | de, submit a requested document or Math ID#. cted to placement@middlesex.edu . |
| | AT 290 Calculus I is completion of I | NAT 290 Calculus I in the future need to know MAT 195 Precalculus for Engineering and Science |
| Eligibility for MAT 290 | Calculus I for Engineering and | l Science |
| • | has taken the Accuplacer exam and commendation of their Math instru | d placed into eligibility for MAT 290 actor |
| - | | ge two of this form, has signed below to confirm mendation of their Math instructor |
| l, | have read page 2 and have | e the prerequisite math skills listed for MAT 290 |
| | Math Instructor Recommend | ation Requirement |
| I recommend/don't recom | mend (circle one) | |
| for MAT | Comments: | |
| Math Instructor (Print) Math Instructor (Sign) | | Date |

Math Multiple Measures for Dual Enrollment Students

- To meet eligibility for **MAT 290 Calculus I for Engineering and Science** a student needs to read the math skills content below and know how to do it, sign page 1 to confirm this, and receive the recommendation of their Math instructor.
- Apply mathematical concepts to solve real world problems in Engineering and the Sciences
- Identify graphs of functions (e.g., constant, linear, quadratic, cubic, absolute value, square root, reciprocal) and recognize their transformations when shifted horizontally and/or vertically, reflected over the coordinate axes, stretched, or compressed.
- Analyze and graph polynomial functions of degree greater than two by examining the leading coefficient of their equations and algebraically determining the intercepts, the multiplicity of the x intercepts, and whether the function is odd or even.
- Find the complex zeros of polynomial functions with real coefficients.
- Determine the domain, range, symmetry, and asymptotes of rational functions.
- Construct equations of rational functions from their graphs.
- Solve application problems modeled by rational functions. Examples discussed are average cost for a cubic function, population models, and other functions in which a quantity or species approaches a limit as time increases.
- Determine the domain, range, and asymptotic behavior of exponential and logarithmic functions by examining their equations.
- Solve exponential and logarithmic equations algebraically and graphically.
- Use exponential and logarithmic equations to model real life applications such as compound interest, growth and decay, the cooling of a hot solution, or finding values of sound intensity or intensity of an earthquake.
- Identify general forms of the conic sections, with emphasis on circles.
- Define angles in degree and radian measure and convert between the systems.
- Define and evaluate the six trigonometric functions using the unit circle and right triangle definitions.
- Graph the six trigonometric functions and determine their amplitude, period, phase shift, and vertical shift.
- Define and evaluate the six inverse trigonometric functions.
- Utilize trigonometric identities to simplify expressions. These identities include Pythagorean relationships, odd/even functions, addition/subtraction of angles, double angle and half angle identities
- Prove simple identities.
- Solve trigonometric equations and inequalities and right triangles.
- Solve any triangle using the Law of Sines or the Law of Cosines.
- Utilize appropriate trigonometric functions in application problems.